**Seasonal incidence and Disease Severity of Early Blight of Potato caused by *Alternaria solani* (L.) on the basis of weather condition.**

**Abstract**

The early blight of potato observed that the disease occurred every year at Shri Venkateshwara University, Rajabpur, Amroha, UP. It has observed that the disease was Data recorded showed in (Table-1) that first appearance of early blight was observed on 12th December 2023 with the value of 0.17 per cent at the maximum temperature 23.69, minimum temperature 2.15, and mean temperature 12.92, relative humidity 92.26%, minimum relative humidity 37.26%, mean 64.76 and 0.00 sun shine hours and maximum severity of 31.28 per cent was noted on 12. January, 2024 after 32 days of first appearance of disease at the maximum temperature 23.470C and minimum temperature 5.54, Mean 14.51 0C, relative humidity maximum 95.38 % and Minimum 65.37 %, mean 80.38% and sun shine hours 6.12, Evaporation 1.25 and rainfall 0.00 (Table 1). From the table 1, it is cleared that the infection rate is suddenly increased from 17.12.23 to 25.12.2023 and 28.12.2023 to 11.1.2024 which might be due to occurrence of rainfall, resulted high relative humidity and low sunshine hours which are optimum for the pathogens growth. Other hand result enumerate in the table 2 showed that during second year 2024-25, the first appearance of early blight of potato *A. solani* was observed that on dated 17th December, 2024 with the value of 0.95 per cent at the 24.670C maximum temperature and 7.58 minimum temperature, mean 16.13 per cent maximum relative humidity was 90.38 per cent , 52.57 per cent minimum and mean 71.48 relative humidity and 5.26 sun shine hours and 2.25 evaporation and the maximum disease severity of 28.54 per cent on 15 January, 2025 after 33 days first appearance of disease at maximum and minimum temperature 21.540C - 4.280C and mean 12.91 0C, maximum, minimum and mean relative humidity 94.57% – 69.54% and 82.06 % sun shine hours 5.98 and Evaporation 1.39 respectively. From the table 2, it is cleared that during 2024-25, cloud covered continuously at frequent interval of date but light rainfall occurs on 12thand 15th January, considering favourable condition for development of disease, resulted increased infection of potato crop *A.solani*.

**Keywords:** Early blight, Disease severity, Weather conditions *A.solani*.

**Introduction**

Potato (*Solanum tuberosum* L., Family: Solanaceae) is one of the most important renumerable solanaceous vegetable crop either for local consumption and exportation in the world. The potato ranks third in global significance as a human food crop, trailing only rice and wheat. There is evidence suggesting that it was likely introduced to India in the early 17th century, possibly by Portuguese traders or British missionaries (Pushkarnath, 1976). Revered as the “king of vegetables,” the potato holds a vital place in India’s vegetable markets. Thanks to its high dry matter and edible protein content, the potato stands out as a nutritionally superior vegetable and one of the world’s essential food crops (Bansode et al., 2018). Uttar Pradesh is a leading state in potato production in India, playing a crucial role in the country’s agricultural sector. The top 10 potato-growing districts in Uttar Pradesh in the year 2022-23, with their production i.e. District; Agra, Firozabad, Kannauj, Hathras, Farrukhabad, Aligarh, Badayun, Mainpuri, Barabanki, Allahabad and Barabanki 28.0, 20.8, 20.4, 19.9, 15.9, 11.0, 8.5, 7.6, 7.3, and 7.2 Lac Metric Tonnes. Nor FAO provides insights into global potato production The FAO’s FAOSTAT database, updated in late December 2023, includes potato production statistics up to 2022. Despite its potential for higher production, the potato crop faces challenges due to attacks from various phytopathogens, which limit its productivity. The potato plant is susceptible to fungal diseases, Early blight *Alternaria solani*, can lead to significant yield losses in potato crops. Reports indicate that average annual yield losses due to early blight range from approximately 50 per cent to 75 per cent of production (Murmu et al., 2017). The organism *Alternaria solani* is air-borne, soil inhabiting and the most common disease causing pathogen of the cultivated potato in areas with heavy dew, frequent rainfall and high humidity (Agrios, 2005). However, the excessive use of the Fungicides and Bio control agents is not desirable because of its residual effects on the food chains. Hence, there is a need for continuous evaluation of safe fungicides and Bio control agents against disease and safety to the non target bio-agents. Now a day’s many new emerging Fungicides and Bio control agents are available in the market with good efficacy for disease management and safety to non target organism. Potato production is currently threatened by a number of biotic and abiotic factors. Among the biotic stresses, fungal diseases like late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) and early blight (*Alternaria solani*) were the most destructive fungal diseases, which reduces the quality, quantity and market value of potato tubers (Abbas *et al*., 2013). Among the fungal diseases, early blight is one of the most destructive disease of potato. The disease can damage both potato foliage and tubers and in turn cause yield loss up to 5 to 50 per cent. An early blight disease is prevalent across worldwide, wherever potatoes, tomatoes, peppers and egg plants are grown. Early blight is a polycyclic disease that can cause more than one disease epidemics within a single cropping season (Tsedaley, 2014). An early blight of potato is caused by two pathogens *viz*., *Alternaria solani* and *Alternaria alternata* but in some areas only *A. solani* is considered as the causative organism of this disease, with their spores in abundance in the atmosphere and in the soil. (Iglesias *et al*., 2007) There is always a threat when conditions become conducive for infection and thus represents a serious threat to potato production (Leiminger and Housladen 2012). Depending upon the varieties grown, weather conditions and inoculum load in the soil, this disease can causes an average annual yield loss of approximately 79 per cent of the total production of potato (Yadav *et al*., 2017). For effective management of this disease in early stage of crop growth, there is a need of suitable management approaches in order to reduce the disease severity with increased tuber yield. Therefore, by considering the above factors the present investigation was taken for the management of early blight of potato by using Bio agents and newer fungicides*.*

**Materials and Methods**

The experiment was conducted at experimental fields near Shri Venkateshwara University (located at NH-24, Rajabpur) Amroha, UP. The study area lies between 770 42’ East longitude and 29017’ North latitude with 237 m above mean sea level. To the study on Seasonal incidence of Early Blight of Potato caused by *Alternaria solani* (L.) and its Disease Severity on the basis of weather condition during the year 2023-24 and 2024-25.

**Survey for ascertaining the prevalence and severity of disease**

Survey was conducted at Shri Venkateshwara University (located at NH-24, Rajabpur) Amroha, Moradabad of Utter Pradesh, during the 2023-24 and 2024-25, in order to find out the prevalence and intensity of early blight of potato caused by *Alternaria solani.* The weather parameters which influenced the development of disease are also collected to correlate between weather parameters and disease intensity.

**Weather data:**

The daily weather data was collected from weather station Shri Venkateshwara University (located at NH-24, Rajabpur) Amroha, UP.

**Observation to be recorded of disease severity:**

The crop was regularly observed for the first appearance of the disease. Progress of the severity of disease was also recorded daily. The observations on date of first appearance and maximum severity per cent of each disease were recorded separately. Disease severity was recorded using a score chart consisting of 0-9 scale as described by Malcolimson, 1976. Fifty leaves were randomly selected from the field for measurement of disease severity. The leaves with 1-9% infection received 1, 10% infection received 2, 11-25% infection received 3, 26-40% infection received 4, 41-60% infection received 5, 61-70% infection received 6, 71-80% infection received 7, 81-90% infection received 8, 91-100% infection received 9 (Malcolimson, 1976). The disease severity of individual plants was calculated by following

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Ʃ | Sum of numerical rating | X 100 |
| Total number of leave x maximum rating |

Formula:

Disease severity PDI=

Correlation of disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours The correlation between disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours were calculated by standard statistical calculation.

**Results and Discussion:**

**Survey and severity of early blight of potato**

The observations on disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours of early blight of potato *A. Solani* observed that the disease occurs every year during *Rabi*, 2023-24 and 2024-25. Recorded data showed in (Table-1) that first appearance of early blight was observed on 12th December 2023 with the value of 0.17 per cent at the maximum temperature 23.69, minimum temperature 2.15, and mean temperature 12.92, relative humidity 92.26%, minimum relative humidity 37.26%, mean 64.76 and 0.00 sun shine hours and maximum severity of 31.28 per cent was noted on 12. January, 2024 after 32 days of first appearance of disease at the maximum temperature 23.470C and minimum temperature 5.54, Mean 15.18 0C, relative humidity maximum 95.38 % and Minimum 65.37 %, mean 80.38% and sun shine hours 6.12, Evaporation 1.25 and rainfall 0.00 (Table 1). From the table 1, it is cleared that the infection rate is suddenly increased from 17.12.23 to 25.12.2023 and 28.12.2023 to 11.1.2024 which might be due to occurrence of rainfall, resulted high relative humidity and low sunshine hours which are optimum for the pathogens growth. Other hand result enumerate in the table 2 showed that during second year 2024-25, the first appearance of early blight of potato *A. solani* was observed that on dated 17th December, 2024 with the value of 0.95 per cent at the 24.670C maximum temperature and 7.58 minimum temperature, mean 16.13 per cent maximum relative humidity was 90.38 per cent ,minimum relative humidity was 52.57 per cent and mean 71.48 relative humidity and 5.26 sun shine hours and 2.25 evaporation and the maximum disease severity of 28.54 per cent on 15 January, 2025 after 33 days first appearance of disease at maximum and minimum temperature 21.540C - 4.280C respectively and mean 12.91 0C, maximum, minimum and mean relative humidity 94.57% – 69.54% and 82.06 % sun shine hours 5.98 and Evaporation 1.39 respectively. From the table 2, it is cleared that during 2024-25, cloud covered continuously at frequent interval of date but light rainfall occurs on 12thand 15th January, considering favourable condition for development of disease, resulted increased infection of potato crop *A.solani*.

**Table:1. Seasonal incidence of early blight of Potato caused by *Alternaria solani* (L.) and its disease severity on the basis of weather conditions during 2023-24**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Disease severity (%)** | **Temp.** | | | **RH. (%)** | | | **Sun shine** | **Evaporation** | **Rainfall** |
| **Max** | **Min** | **Mean** | **Max** | **Min** | **Mean** |  |
| 12.12.2023 | 0.17 | 23.69 | 2.15 | 12.92 | 92.26 | 37.26 | 64.76 | 0.00 | 1.21 | 0.00 |
| 13.12.2023 | 0.23 | 22.95 | 1.89 | 12.42 | 96.39 | 49.98 | 73.19 | 0.00 | 1.32 | 0.00 |
| 14.12.2023 | 0.36 | 23.59 | 4.54 | 14.06 | 93.25 | 36.87 | 65.06 | 6.59 | 1.52 | 0.00 |
| 15.12.2023 | 1.27 | 24.58 | 6.24 | 15.41 | 95.98 | 47.18 | 71.58 | 5.17 | 1.25 | 0.00 |
| 16.12.2023 | 1.95 | 25.29 | 5.17 | 15.23 | 93.29 | 46.46 | 69.88 | 7.25 | 1.00 | 3.25 |
| 17.12.2023 | 2.14 | 24.87 | 8.37 | 16.62 | 92.98 | 51.28 | 72.13 | 5.26 | 2.11 | 0.00 |
| 18.12.2023 | 2.35 | 16.87 | 15.18 | 16.02 | 96.24 | 90.15 | 93.20 | 0.00 | 1.12 | 0.00 |
| 19.12.2023 | 2.85 | 17.43 | 11.23 | 14.33 | 97.21 | 86.25 | 91.73 | 0.00 | 1.19 | 2.46 |
| 20.12.2023 | 3.97 | 21.24 | 10.79 | 16.01 | 94.12 | 73.17 | 83.65 | 0.00 | 1.65 | 0.42 |
| 21.12.2023 | 5.45 | 20.84 | 9.59 | 15.21 | 91.14 | 70.28 | 80.71 | 0.00 | 2.59 | 0.00 |
| 22.12.2023 | 6.19 | 19.68 | 9.83 | 14.75 | 96.21 | 84.18 | 90.20 | 4.26 | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 23.12.2023 | 7.53 | 15.47 | 11.19 | 13.33 | 97.31 | 91.24 | 94.28 | 0.00 | 2.21 | 0.00 |
| 24.12.2023 | 8.69 | 18.48 | 12.38 | 15.43 | 94.29 | 78.97 | 86.63 | 0.00 | 1.10 | 4.25 |
| 25.12.2023 | 10.39 | 19.21 | 11.27 | 15.24 | 96.28 | 81.28 | 88.78 | 0.00 | 2.57 | 0.00 |
| 26.12.2023 | 11.53 | 14.78 | 10.89 | 12.83 | 93.29 | 84.69 | 88.99 | 3.12 | 1.21 | 0.00 |
| 27.12.2023 | 11.95 | 16.87 | 6.87 | 11.87 | 85.27 | 71.28 | 78.28 | 0.00 | 2.10 | 0.00 |
| 28.12.2023 | 11.69 | 17.48 | 5.63 | 11.55 | 88.69 | 79.68 | 84.19 | 1.53 | 0.81 | 0.00 |
| 29.12.2023 | 13.21 | 18.46 | 6.56 | 12.51 | 77.21 | 77.28 | 77.25 | 0.00 | 0.75 | 0.00 |
| 30.12.2023 | 15.27 | 19.47 | 6.85 | 13.16 | 83.21 | 76.69 | 79.95 | 0.00 | 0.59 | 0.00 |
| 31.12.2021 | 17.23 | 21.48 | 6.85 | 14.16 | 92.19 | 54.28 | 73.24 | 7.23 | 1.15 | 0.00 |
| 1.01.2024 | 18.96 | 22.25 | 5.58 | 13.91 | 77.28 | 42.59 | 59.94 | 6.53 | 0.48 | 0.00 |
| 2.01.2024 | 19.98 | 21.17 | 9.93 | 15.55 | 95.69 | 63.69 | 79.69 | 4.75 | 0.45 | 0.00 |
| 3.01.2024 | 21.69 | 21.98 | 10.18 | 16.08 | 96.59 | 68.46 | 82.53 | 2.13 | 0.79 | 0.00 |
| 4.01.2024 | 23.58 | 16.54 | 9.24 | 12.89 | 96.39 | 67.48 | 81.94 | 0.00 | 0.91 | 0.00 |
| 5.01.2024 | 23.98 | 17.57 | 7.98 | 12.77 | 86.24 | 65.98 | 76.11 | 0.00 | 0.79 | 0.00 |
| 6.01.2024 | 24.69 | 18.68 | 8.48 | 13.58 | 98.21 | 61.85 | 80.03 | 0.00 | 0.875 | 2.58 |
| 7.01.2024 | 26.35 | 18.48 | 5.34 | 11.91 | 84.21 | 59.21 | 71.71 | 0.00 | 0.58 | 0.00 |
| 8.01.2024 | 27.36 | 21.89 | 4.57 | 13.23 | 91.27 | 47.45 | 69.36 | 7.53 | 0.56 | 0.00 |
| 9.01.2024 | 28.76 | 22.84 | 4.65 | 13.74 | 88.26 | 82.15 | 85.21 | 8.36 | 1.54 | 0.00 |
| 10.01.2024 | 29.53 | 21.58 | 4.89 | 13.23 | 93.29 | 75.28 | 84.29 | 7.23 | 0.91 | 0.00 |
| 11.01.2024 | 30.17 | 21.84 | 7.78 | 14.81 | 95.98 | 59.89 | 77.94 | 9.18 | 1.21 | 0.00 |
| 12.01.2024 | 31.28 | 23.47 | 5.54 | 14.51 | 92.59 | 76.29 | 84.44 | 8.12 | 2.15 | 1.25 |
| 13.01.2024 | 30.24 | 20.65 | 6.47 | 13.56 | 93.97 | 72.58 | 83.28 | 6.46 | 1.22 | 0.00 |
| 14.01.2024 | 27.21 | 22.48 | 8.12 | 15.3 | 96.28 | 57.65 | 76.97 | 5.54 | 1.31 | 0.00 |
| 15.01.2024 | 25.69 | 21.64 | 5.21 | 13.42 | 95.38 | 65.37 | 80.38 | 6.12 | 1.25 | 0.00 |
| 16.01.2024 | 21.28 | 21.85 | 5.35 | 13.6 | 92.58 | 62.59 | 77.59 | 5.24 | 1.29 | 1.13 |
| 17.01.2024 | 20.17 | 22.57 | 5.48 | 14.02 | 95.87 | 55.62 | 75.75 | 6.56 | 1.42 | 0.00 |
| 18.01.2024 | 16.62 | 22.17 | 6.57 | 14.37 | 84.39 | 54.59 | 69.49 | 3.21 | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19.01.2024 | 15.39 | 23.21 | 8.15 | 15.68 | 81.24 | 49.64 | 65.44 | 7.24 | 1.19 | 2.21 |
| 20.01.2024 | 14.28 | 23.21 | 5.89 | 14.55 | 89.25 | 55.43 | 72.34 | 6.35 | 1.34 | 0.00 |
| 21.01.2024 | 14.98 | 22.95 | 6.29 | 14.62 | 91.54 | 67.28 | 79.41 | 7.49 | 1.20 | 0.00 |
| 22.01.2024 | 13.28 | 21.25 | 7.68 | 14.46 | 86.25 | 66.59 | 76.42 | 6.68 | 1.23 | 0.00 |
| 23.01.2024 | 13.12 | 20.14 | 4.75 | 12.44 | 93.87 | 63.56 | 64.76 | 5.57 | 1.20 | 0.00 |
| 24.01.2024 | 12.98 | 19.62 | 4.82 | 12.22 | 84.15 | 57.59 | 73.19 | 6.59 | 1.37 | 0.00 |
| 25.01.2024 | 12.31 | 18.69 | 6.38 | 12.53 | 93.27 | 47.23 | 65.06 | 5.56 | 1.65 | 0.00 |

**Table:2. Seasonal incidence of early blight of Potato caused by *Alternaria solani* (L.) and its disease severity on the basis of weather parameters during 2024-25.**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Disease severity (%)** | **Temp.** | | | **RH. (%)** | | | **Sunshine** | **Evaporation** | **Rainfall** |
| **Max** | **Min** | **Mean** | **Max** | **Min** | **Mean** |  |
| 14.12.2024 | 0.00 | 22.69 | 7.21 | 14.95 | 92.15 | 53.24 | 72.70 | 2.64 | 1.98 | 0.00 |
| 15.12.2024 | 0.00 | 23.25 | 6.28 | 14.77 | 93.65 | 49.57 | 71.61 | 1.59 | 1.67 | 0.00 |
| 16.12.2024 | 0.00 | 23.98 | 6.25 | 15.12 | 91.27 | 47.25 | 69.26 | 7.25 | 1.13 | 0.00 |
| 17.12.2024 | 0.95 | 24.67 | 7.58 | 16.13 | 90.38 | 52.57 | 71.48 | 5.26 | 2.25 | 0.00 |
| 18.12.2024 | 1.59 | 23.21 | 9.54 | 16.38 | 93.24 | 89.67 | 91.46 | 6.21 | 1.32 | 0.00 |
| 19.12.2024 | 2.35 | 23.89 | 10.35 | 17.12 | 89.35 | 88.17 | 88.76 | 4.58 | 1.49 | 1.58 |
| 20.12.2024 | 3.85 | 22.25 | 10.12 | 16.19 | 93.24 | 79.57 | 86.41 | 0.00 | 1.87 | 0.00 |
| 21.12.2024 | 5.67 | 21.65 | 9.54 | 15.60 | 91.24 | 75.47 | 83.36 | 0.00 | 2.55 | 0.00 |
| 22.12.2024 | 6.93 | 20.35 | 8.87 | 14.61 | 93.65 | 83.57 | 88.61 | 4.26 | 1.47 | 0.00 |
| 23.12.2024 | 7.87 | 19.58 | 9.58 | 14.58 | 94.28 | 85.37 | 89.83 | 0.00 | 2.65 | 0.00 |
| 24.12.2024 | 8.12 | 18.98 | 11.24 | 15.11 | 93.24 | 79.61 | 86.43 | 5.31 | 1.16 | 2.58 |
| 25.12.2024 | 9.33 | 19.47 | 12.65 | 16.06 | 95.27 | 83.21 | 89.24 | 0.00 | 2.44 | 0.00 |
| 26.12.2024 | 10.21 | 18.78 | 11.25 | 15.02 | 94.39 | 86.81 | 90.60 | 5.39 | 1.65 | 0.00 |
| 27.12.2024 | 10.89 | 16.93 | 9.25 | 13.09 | 87.24 | 70.27 | 78.76 | 0.00 | 2.65 | 0.00 |
| 28.12.2024 | 11.23 | 16.82 | 6.54 | 11.68 | 85.67 | 78.24 | 81.96 | 2.54 | 0.88 | 0.00 |
| 29.12.2024 | 12.25 | 18.57 | 5.32 | 11.95 | 81.84 | 76.54 | 79.19 | 0.00 | 0.54 | 0.00 |
| 30.12.2024 | 12.89 | 18.91 | 4.25 | 11.58 | 87.24 | 75.87 | 81.56 | 0.00 | 0.67 | 2.51 |
| 31.12.2024 | 13.18 | 20.68 | 5.98 | 13.33 | 90.28 | 63.24 | 76.76 | 6.31 | 1.55 | 0.00 |
| 1.01.2025 | 13.77 | 21.27 | 6.35 | 13.81 | 87.54 | 59.51 | 73.53 | 4.29 | 0.69 | 0.00 |
| 2.01.2025 | 15.21 | 21.88 | 8.25 | 15.07 | 92.35 | 65.74 | 79.05 | 5.21 | 1.28 | 0.00 |
| 3.01.2025 | 17.21 | 22.58 | 7.24 | 14.91 | 91.84 | 67.21 | 79.53 | 3.62 | 1.22 | 0.00 |
| 4.01.2025 | 17.73 | 21.54 | 8.21 | 14.88 | 88.57 | 63.17 | 75.87 | 1.21 | 0.97 | 0.00 |
| 5.01.2025 | 18.54 | 20.54 | 7.28 | 13.91 | 87.28 | 66.87 | 77.08 | 2.51 | 0.89 | 0.00 |
| 6.01.2025 | 19.68 | 19.54 | 6.35 | 12.95 | 92.65 | 69.43 | 81.04 | 0.00 | 0.88 | 0.00 |
| 7.01.2025 | 21.67 | 18.84 | 5.27 | 12.06 | 87.84 | 58.57 | 73.21 | 1.24 | 0.63 | 3.25 |
| 8.01.2025 | 21.89 | 20.64 | 6.21 | 13.43 | 90.28 | 59.57 | 74.93 | 6.23 | 0.54 | 0.00 |
| 9.01.2025 | 22.58 | 21.77 | 5.39 | 13.58 | 89.97 | 72.54 | 81.26 | 7.11 | 1.69 | 0.00 |
| 10.01.2025 | 22.75 | 21.65 | 4.64 | 13.15 | 92.18 | 75.22 | 83.70 | 5.37 | 0.89 | 0.00 |
| 11.01.2025 | 24.68 | 20.25 | 6.37 | 13.31 | 89.27 | 61.58 | 75.43 | 8.61 | 2.14 | 0.00 |
| 12.01.2025 | 25.68 | 21.27 | 4.21 | 12.74 | 90.58 | 63.25 | 76.92 | 7.59 | 2.98 | 0.00 |
| 13.01.2025 | 26.58 | 22.25 | 5.37 | 13.81 | 92.67 | 73.28 | 82.98 | 6.51 | 1.87 | 2.31 |
| 14.01.2025 | 27.98 | 22.84 | 7.51 | 15.18 | 93.57 | 71.84 | 82.71 | 4.21 | 1.54 | 1.50 |
| 15.01.2025 | 28.54 | 21.54 | 4.28 | 12.91 | 94.57 | 69.54 | 82.06 | 5.98 | 1.39 | 0.00 |
| 16.01.2025 | 24.25 | 22.27 | 6.27 | 14.27 | 91.87 | 63.98 | 77.93 | 3.64 | 1.33 | 0.00 |
| 17.01.2025 | 21.28 | 21.87 | 4.87 | 13.37 | 92.59 | 75.84 | 84.22 | 7.21 | 1.87 | 0.00 |
| 18.01.2025 | 15.69 | 22.54 | 6.21 | 14.38 | 83.27 | 64.51 | 73.89 | 4.23 | 1.79 | 2.65 |
| 19.01.2025 | 13.25 | 23.87 | 7.21 | 15.54 | 81.24 | 51.87 | 66.56 | 7.24 | 2.14 | 0.00 |
| 20.01.2025 | 11.25 | 23.95 | 6.27 | 15.11 | 85.13 | 56.21 | 70.67 | 8.69 | 2.57 | 0.00 |
| 21.01.2025 | 10.25 | 21.28 | 5.99 | 13.64 | 90.17 | 68.23 | 79.20 | 6.47 | 2.23 | 0.00 |
| 22.01.2025 | 8.69 | 22.67 | 6.21 | 14.44 | 88.27 | 67.51 | 77.89 | 6.53 | 2.41 | 0.00 |
| 23.01.2025 | 6.39 | 21.58 | 5.37 | 13.48 | 91.28 | 68.75 | 80.02 | 8.35 | 1.56 | 2.34 |
| 24.01.2025 | 5.28 | 20.39 | 3.27 | 11.83 | 88.49 | 59.97 | 74.23 | 7.21 | 2.10 | 3.21 |
| 25.01.2025 | 5.59 | 19.87 | 5.29 | 12.58 | 92.97 | 49.51 | 71.24 | 6.28 | 1.77 | 0.00 |
| 26.01.2025 | 5.77 | 18.24 | 3.28 | 10.76 | 89.67 | 51.47 | 70.57 | 7.21 | 2.31 | 0.00 |
| 27.01.2025 | 4.27 | 17.65 | 4.21 | 10.93 | 88.57 | 50.87 | 69.72 | 9.35 | 3.54 | 0.00 |

**Table:3.** Correlation between disease severities with temperature, RH%, Sunshine hour’s during- 2023-2024

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Disease severity(%)** | **Temp. Max.** | **Temp. Mini.** | **R.H. Maxi.** | **R.H.Mini.** | **Sunshine** |
| **Dsp (%)** | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Temp. Max.** | 0.131214 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| **Temp. Mini.** | -0.15721 | -0.33215 | 1 |  |  |  |
| **R.H. Maxi.** | -0.4159 | -0.07125 | 0.277105 | 1 |  |  |
| **R.H. Mini.** | -0.13568 | -0.57892 | 0.527994 | 0.211523 | 1 |  |
| **Sunshine** | 0.279985 | 0.621153 | -0.54715 | -0.03215 | -0.62153 | 1 |

**Table:**4. Correlation between disease severities with temperature, RH%, Sunshine hour’s during- 2024-2025.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Disease**  **severity (%)** | **Temp.Max.** | **Temp.Mini.** | **R.H.Maxi.** | **R.H. Mini.** | **Sunshine** |
| **Dsp (%)** | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Temp.Max.** | 0.621571 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| **Temp.Mini.** | -0.21325 | 0.691921 | 1 |  |  |  |
| **R.H. Maxi.** | -0.10932 | -0.21532 | -0.31210 | 1 |  |  |
| **R.H. Mini.** | -0.32159 | -0.32171 | -0.0528 | 0.457932 | 1 |  |
| **Sunshine** | 0.633439 | 0.215792 | 0.008705 | -0.29799 | -0.4325 | 1 |

**Correlation between disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours at:**

Shri Venkateshwara University (located at NH-24, Rajabpur) Amroha,The correlation of disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours at Shri Venkateshwara University, Rajabpur Amroha, during 2023.24-2024-25 has been calculated and data showed presented in the tables 3 and 4. It has been found that the disease severity showed the negative correlation with temperature (0.279985), (0.621153) and positive correlation with relative humidity (-0.54715), (-0.03215) and the partially significant and negative correlation with sunshine hours (-0.62153). During 2024-25, similar treads on the basis observations have also been found from Amroha judicial area. The data from the (Table 4) showed that the negative co-relation of disease severity with temperature (0.633439), (0.215792) positive co-relation with relative humidity (0.008705),(-0.29799) and negative co-relation with sunshine hours (-0.4325). Environmental factors such as temperature, wetness duration, relative humidity (moisture), sunshine hours, rainfall affect the development of early blight on potato.

**Discussion**

These findings conform by several scientists according to works (Adams and Stevenson, 1990; Harrison *et al.,* 1965; Vloutoglou and Kalogerakis, 2000). Vander Walls *et al.*, (2001) also reported that alternating low and high humidity conditions have also been shown to favour disease development. Singh (2007) reported that the disease becomes serious when the season begins with abundant moisture or frequent rains followed by warm and dry weather. He also reported that higher mean temperatures (19.2-31.10C), frequent rains but shorter duration of relative humidity above 80%, the absence of dew during most part of the season, longer photoperiod and prolonged senescence of the plants are related to low sporulation, restricted size of lesions, and moderate intensity of the disease. Troutt and Levetin (2001) also found that there was a strong positive correlation between spore concentration and temperature.The spore content in the atmosphere increases when the mean, maximum and minimum temperatures increases, making *Alternaria* a temperature-dependent fungus. Hjelmroos, (1993) reported that *Alternaria* is a saprophytic genus with an optimal development shown to occur in the temperature ranges of 22–28°C. The co-relation between disease severity with temperature, relative humidity and sunshine hours were calculated by standard statistical calculation and the results showed that disease severity co-relate negatively with temperature and sunshine hours, representing the value (-0.3984) and (-0.4509), respectively, but positively co-relate with relative humidity (0.5814) (Biswas *et al.,* 2013 ). Angulo-Romero *et al.,* (1999) found that the most conidia appear in the atmosphere when minimum temperatures are over 10°C, maximum temperatures are under 30°C and mean temperatures are between 20 and 25°C.

**Conclusion**

The result first appearance of early blight was observed on 12th December 2023 with the value of 0.17 per cent at the maximum temperature 23.69, minimum temperature 2.15, and mean temperature 12.92 , relative humidity 92.26%, minimum relative humidity 37.26%, mean 64.76 and 0.00 sun shine hours and maximum severity of 31.28 per cent was noted on 12. January, 2024 after 32 days of first appearance of disease at the maximum temperature 23.470C and minimum temperature 5.54, Mean 14.51 0C, relative humidity maximum 95.38 % and Minimum 65.37 %, mean 80.38% and sun shine hours 6.12, Evaporation 1.25 and rainfall 0.00, it is cleared that the infection rate is suddenly increased from 17.12.23 to 25.12.2023 and 28.12.2023 to 11.1.2024 which might be due to occurrence of rainfall, resulted high relative humidity and low sunshine hours which are optimum for the pathogens growth. Other hand result enumerate in the table 2 showed that during second year 2024-25, the first appearance of early blight of potato *A. solani* was observed that on dated 17th December, 2024 with the value of 0.95 per cent at the 24.670C maximum temperature and 7.58 minimum temperature, mean 16.13 per cent, maximum relative humidity was 90.38 per cent, 52.57 per cent minimum and mean 71.48 relative humidity and 5.26 sun shine hours and 2.25 evaporation and the maximum disease severity of 28.54 per cent on 15 January, 2025 after 33 days first appearance of disease at maximum and minimum temperature 21.540C-4.280C respectively and mean 12.910C, maximum, minimum and mean relative humidity 94.57% - 69.54% and 82.06 % respectively, sun shine hours 5.98 and Evaporation 1.39. It is cleared that during 2024-25, cloud covered continuously at frequent interval of date but light rainfall occurs on 12thand 15th January, considering favourable condition for development of disease, resulted increased infection of potato crop *A.solani*.

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