## **Editor's Comment:**

The authors could add graphical representation according to the reviewers' comments. They do not have to replace data.

## Additional comments:

- 1. There was no exclusion criteria. For example, Why other comorbidities -such as CVD- known to affect Fetuin-A level are not excluded? Besides, the diseases that affect albuminuria..
- 2. Please add Mann-whitney test to "Methods". It is used in the analysis.
- 3. Where are baseline characteristics for overall patients and different groups? Where are relevant laboratory values?
- 4. Why the authors wrote "fig" 1...etc instead of "table"? and also they removed tables titles?
- 5. Please specify the units for different parameters as albuminuria, SrCr,...etc.
- 6. Please comment on the following: In the results, correlations appear at one time point and did not persist for any two or three time points. I mean at V0 only...at V6 only. Does this imply that the correlations between two parameters are suggestive (Specifically it was a short term study)? Compare to the correlation between eGFR and SrCr which were correlated at the three time points.
- 7. In "discussion", "Moreover, the strong correlation observed between the FetuinA/creatinine ratio (FCR) and UACR in patients with a shorter diabetes duration mirrors findings by Kumar Bandi et al. (2022), who demonstrated the superior performance of PTM-Fetuin-A over traditional markers like UACR in predicting CKD stages"

How the correlation means "superior" performance of PTM-Fetuin-A?

- 8. In fig 3& 4 &5: the author stated: "A significant positive correlation was also observed between the Fetuin/creatinine ratio (FCR) and UACR, as well as between FCR and eGFR"
- i). the figures represent Fetuin A not FCR.
- ii) where is UACR or eGFR in the figures?
- iii) the author stated "A significant positive correlation was also observed between the Fetuin/creatinine ratio (FCR) and UACR, as well as between FCR and eGFR, with varying degrees across type 1 and type 2 diabetes and depending on diabetes duration. For example, for V6, a strong correlation was noted between FCR and UACR in patients with a shorter diabetes duration (less than 5 years), with r = 0.599 and p = 0.009. This finding suggests that increased urinary PTM-Fetuin-A levels are closely related to rising albuminuria, which is a key indicator of kidney damage in diabetic nephropathy. (fig. 3, fig. 4, fig. 5)"

Are these information in the figures?

- iv) please comment on the three figure 3 & 4& 5 you provided.
- V) What are written in the x axis?

## **Editor's Details:**

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